SECTION 6 MAINTENANCE STANDARD

Group	1	Operational Performance Test ·····	6-1
Group	2	Major Components	6-21
Group	3	Track and Work Equipment	6-31

SECTION 6 MAINTENANCE STANDARD

GROUP 1 OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST

1. PURPOSE

Performance tests are used to check:

1) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A NEW MACHINE

Whenever a new machine is delivered in parts and reassembled at a customer's site, it must be tested to confirm that the operational performance of the machine meets HD Hyundai Construction Equipment spec.

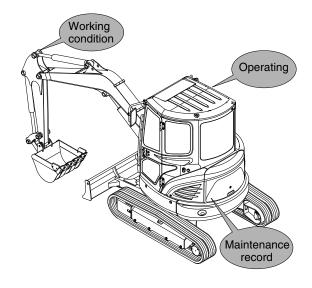
2) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A WORKING MACHINE

With the passage of time, the machine's operational performance deteriorates, so that the machine needs to be serviced periodically to restore it to its original performance level.

Before servicing the machine, conduct performance tests to check the extent of deterioration, and to decide what kind of service needs to be done (by referring to the "Service Limits" in this manual).

3) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A REPAIRED MACHINE

After the machine is repaired or serviced, it must be tested to confirm that its operational performance was restored by the repair and/or service work done.

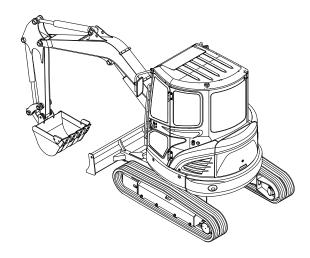


R35Z76MC01

2. TERMINOLOGY

1) STANDARD

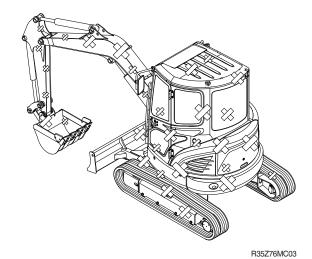
Specifications applied to the brand-new machine, components and parts.



R35Z76MC02

2) SERVICE LIMIT

The lowest acceptable performance level. When the performance level of the machine falls below this level, the machine must be removed from work and repaired. Necessary parts and components must be replaced.



3. OPERATION FOR PERFORMANCE TESTS

 Observe the following rules in order to carry out performance tests accurately and safely.

(1) The machine

Repair any defects and damage found, such as oil or water leaks, loose bolts, cracks and so on, before starting to test.

(2) Test area

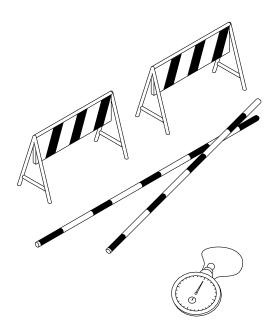
- ① Select a hard, flat surface.
- ② Secure enough space to allow the machine to run straight more than 20m, and to make a full swing with the front attachment extended.
- ③ If required, rope off the test area and provide signboards to keep unauthorized personnel away.

(3) Precautions

- ① Before starting to test, agree upon the signals to be employed for communication among coworkers. Once the test is started, be sure to communicate with each other using these signals, and to follow them without fail.
- ② Operate the machine carefully and always give first priority to safety.
- ③ While testing, always take care to avoid accidents due to landslides or contact with high voltage power lines. Always confirm that there is sufficient space for full swings.
- Avoid polluting the machine and the ground with leaking oil. Use oil pans to catch escaping oil. Pay special attention to this when removing hydraulic pipings.

(4) Make precise measurements

- Accurately calibrate test instruments in advance to obtain correct data.
- ② Carry out tests under the exact test conditions prescribed for each test item.
- ③ Repeat the same test and confirm that the test data obtained can be procured repeatedly. Use mean values of measurements if necessary.



7-3 (140-7)

2) ENGINE SPEED

- (1) Measure the engine speed at the maximum RPM.
- ** The engine speed must meet standard RPM; if not, all other operational performance data will be unreliable. It is essential to perform this test first.

(2) Preparation and measurement

- ① Warm up the machine, until the engine coolant temperature reaches 50°C or more, and the hydraulic oil is 50±5°C.
- ② Set the accel dial switch at the maximum position.
- ③ Measure the engine RPM.

(3) Evaluation

The measured speeds should meet the following specifications.

Unit: rpm

Model	Engine speed	Stan	dard	Remarks
IVIOGEI	Engine speed	Common	Europe	nemarks
HVOEA 7	Low idle	1300±50	1300±50	
HX35A Z	High idle	2300±50	2000±50	

3) TRAVEL SPEED

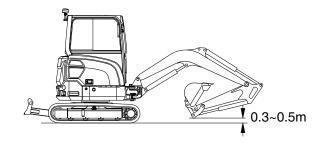
(1) Measure the time required for the excavator to travel a 20 m test track.

(2) Preparation

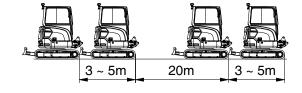
- ① Adjust the tension of both tracks to be equal.
- ② Prepare a flat and solid test track 20 m in length, with extra length of 3 to 5 m on both ends for machine acceleration and deceleration.
- ③ Hold the bucket 0.3 to 0.5 m above the ground with the arm and bucket rolled in.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.



- ① Measure both the low and high speeds of the machine.
- ② Before starting either the low or high speed tests, adjust the travel mode switch to the speed to be tested.
- Start traveling the machine in the acceleration zone with the travel levers at full stroke.
- Measure the time required to travel 20 m.
- $\fine \fine \fin$
- ⑥ Repeat steps ④ and ⑤ three times in each direction and calculate the average values.



35AZ6MC04



35AZ6MC05

Unit: Seconds / 20 m

(4) Evaluation

The average measured time should meet the following specifications.

Model	Travalanced	S	tandard	Remarks
iviodei	Travel speed	Common	Europe	nemarks
HX35A Z	1 Speed	29.2	30.6	
I HV994 Z	2 Speed	16.3	17.1	

4) TRACK REVOLUTION SPEED

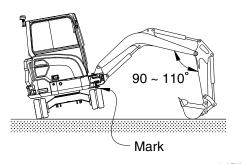
(1) Measure the track revolution cycle time with the track raised off ground.

(2) Preparation

- ① Adjust the tension of both side tracks to be equal.
- ② On the track to be measured, mark one shoe with chalk.
- ③ Swing the upperstructure 90° and lower the bucket to raise the track off ground. Keep the boom-arm angle between 90 to 110° as shown. Place blocks under machine frame.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.



- ① Select the following switch positions.
- · Travel mode switch: 1 or 2 speed
- ② Operate the travel control lever of the raised track in full forward and reverse.
- 3 Rotate 1 turn, then measure time taken for next 3 revolutions.
- ④ Raise the other side of machine and repeat the procedure.
- ⑤ Repeat steps ③ and ④ three times and calculate the average values.



35AZ6MC06

(4) Evaluation

The revolution cycle time of each track should meet the following specifications.

Unit: Seconds / 3 revolutions

Model	Traval anged	Standard		Domostro
Model	Travel speed	Common	Europe	Remarks
HVOE A 7	1 Speed	19.6±1.5	20.5±1.5	
HX35A Z	2 Speed	10.9±1.5	11.4±1.5	

5) TRAVEL DEVIATION

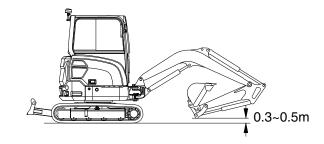
(1) Measure the deviation by the tracks from a 20m straight line.

(2) Preparation

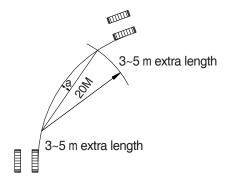
- ① Adjust the tension of both tracks to be equal.
- ② Provide a flat, solid test yard 20 m in length, with extra length of 3 to 5 m on both ends for machine acceleration and deceleration.
- ③ Hold the bucket 0.3 to 0.5 m above the ground with the arm and bucket rolled in.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.



- ① Measure the amount of mistracking at high and low travel speeds.
- ② Start traveling the machine in the acceleration zone with the travel levers at full stroke.
- ③ Measure the distance between a straight 20m line and the track made by the machine. (Dimension a)
- 4 After measuring the tracking in forward travel, turn the upperstructure 180° and measure that in reverse travel.
- ⑤ Repeat steps ③ and ④ three times and calculate the average values.



35AZ6MC04



7-7(2) 140-7

(4) Evaluation

Mistrack should be within the following specifications.

Unit: mm/20 m

Model	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
HX35A Z	200 below	240	

6) SWING SPEED

(1) Measure the time required to swing three complete turns.

(2) Preparation

- ① Check the lubrication of the swing gear and swing bearing.
- ② Place the machine on flat, solid ground with ample space for swinging. Do not conduct this test on slopes.
- With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin. The bucket must be empty.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.



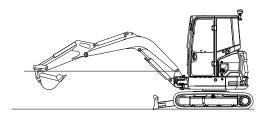
- ① Operate swing control lever fully.
- ② Swing 1 turn and measure time taken to swing next 2 revolutions.
- ③ Repeat steps ① and ② three time and calculate the average values.



The time required for 2 swings should meet the following specifications.

Unit: Seconds / 2 revolutions

Madal	Stan	Remarks	
Model	Common	Europe	Hemarks
HX35A Z	12.8±0.4	14.6±0.4	



35AZ6MC07

7) SWING FUNCTION DRIFT CHECK

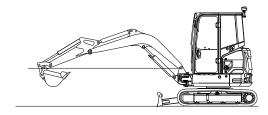
(1) Measure the swing drift on the bearing outer circumference when stopping after a 360° full speed swing.

(2) Preparation

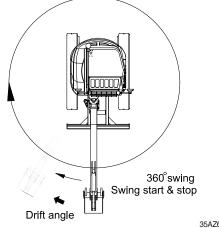
- ① Check the lubrication of the swing gear and swing bearing.
- ② Place the machine on flat, solid ground with ample space for swinging. Do not conduct this test on slopes.
- With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin. The bucket must be empty.
- Make two chalk marks: one on the swing bearing and one directly below it on the track frame.
- Swing the upperstructure 360°.
- ⑥ Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- ① Operate the swing control lever fully and return it to the neutral position when the mark on the upperstructure aligns with that on track frame after swinging 360 °
- ② Measure the distance between the two marks.
- 3 Align the marks again, swing 360 °, then test the opposite direction.
- ④ Repeat steps ② and ③ three times each and calculate the average values.



35AZ6MC07



35AZ6MC08

(4) Evaluation

The measured drift angle should be within the following specifications.

Unit : Degree

Model	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
HX35A Z	40 below	50	

8) SWING BEARING PLAY

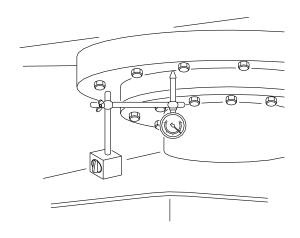
(1) Measure the swing bearing play using a dial gauge to check the wear of bearing races and balls.

(2) Preparation

- ① Check swing bearing mounting cap screws for loosening.
- ② Check the lubrication of the swing bearing. Confirm that bearing rotation is smooth and without noise.
- ③ Install a dial gauge on the track frame as shown, using a magnetic base.
- Position the upperstructure so that the boom aligns with the tracks facing towards the front idlers.
- ⑤ Position the dial gauge so that its needle point comes into contact with the bottom face of the bearing outer race.
- 6 Bucket should be empty.

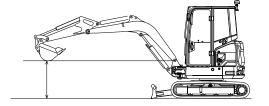
(3) Measurement

- With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bottom face of the bucket to the same height of the boom foot pin.
 Record the dial gauge reading (h1).
- ② Lower the bucket to the ground and use it to raise the front idler 50 cm. Record the dial gauge reading (h2).
- ③ Calculate bearing play (H) from this data (h1 and h2) as follows. H=h2-h1

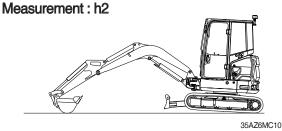


7-10(1) 140-7

Measurement: h1



35AZ6MC09



(4) Evaluation

The measured drift should be within the following specifications.

Unit: mm

Model	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
HX35A Z	0.5 ~ 1.2	2.4	

9) HYDRAULIC CYLINDER CYCLE TIME

(1) Measure the cycle time of the boom, standard arm, and standard bucket cylinders.

(2) Preparation

- ① To measure the cycle time of the boom cylinders:
 - With the arm rolled out and the empty bucket rolled out, lower the bucket to the ground, as shown.
- ② To measure the cycle time of the arm cylinder.
 - With the empty bucket rolled in, position the arm so that it is vertical to the ground. Lower the boom until the bucket is 0.5 m above the ground.
- 3 To measure the cycle time of the bucket cylinder.
 - The empty bucket should be positioned at midstroke between roll-in and roll-out, so that the sideplate edges are vertical to the ground.
- 4 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.

(3) Measurement

① To measure cylinder cycle times.

-Boom cylinders

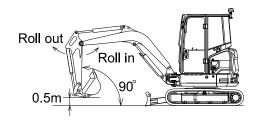
Measure the time it takes to raise the boom, and the time it takes to lower the boom. To do so, position the boom at one stroke end then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.

-Arm cylinder

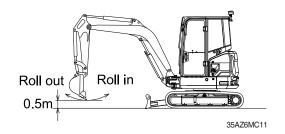
Measure the time it takes to roll in the arm, and the time it takes to roll out the arm. To do so, position the bucket at one stroke end, then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.

Boom cylinder Raise Lower

Arm cylinder



Bucket cylinder



-Bucket cylinders

Measure the time it takes to roll in the bucket, and the time it takes to roll out the bucket. To do so, position the bucket at one stroke end, then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.

-Repeat each measurement 3 times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The average measured time should meet the following specifications.

Unit: Seconds

Madal	Function	Stan	Domarko	
Model		Common	Europe	Remarks
	Boom raise	2.3±0.4	2.4±0.4	
	Boom lower	2.0±0.4	2.0±0.4	
	Arm in	2.7±0.4	2.8±0.4	
	Arm out	2.1±0.3	2.2±0.3	
HX35A Z	Bucket load	3.1±0.4	3.4±0.4	
HASSA Z	Bucket dump	2.0±0.3	2.3±0.3	
	Boom swing (LH)	5.8±0.3	6.6±0.4	
	Boom swing (RH)	5.2±0.3	5.8±0.4	
	Dozer up (raise)	2.2±0.3	2.4±0.3	
	Dozer down (lower)	2.9±0.3	3.4±0.4	

10) DIG FUNCTION DRIFT CHECK

(1) Measure dig function drift, which can be caused by oil leakage in the control valve and boom, standard arm, and standard bucket cylinders, with the loaded bucket. When testing the dig function drift just after cylinder replacement, slowly operate each cylinder to its stroke end to purge air.

(2) Preparation

 Load bucket fully. Instead of loading the bucket, weight (W) of the following specification can be used.

W = $M^3 \times 1.5$ Where:

M³ = Bucket heaped capacity(m³)

1.5= Soil specific gravity

- ② Position the arm cylinder with the rod 20 to 30 mm extended from the fully retracted position.
- ③ Position the bucket cylinder with the rod 20 to 30 mm retracted from the fully extended position.
- With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin.
- \bigcirc Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at 50 \pm 5°C.

(3) Measurement

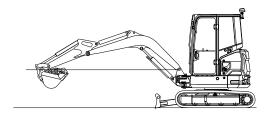
- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Five minutes after the engine has been stopped, measure the changes in the positions of the boom, arm and bucket cylinders.
- ③ Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The measured drift should be within the following specifications.

Unit: mm / 5 min

Model	Drift to be measured	Standard	Remarks
	Boom cylinder	10 below	
HX35A Z	Arm cylinder	20 below	
ПЛЭЭА Z	Bucket cylinder	20 below	
	Dozer cylinder	30 below	



35AZ6MC12

11) CONTROL LEVER OPERATING FORCE

(1) Use a spring scale to measure the maximum resistance of each control lever at the middle of the grip.

(2) Preparation

① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- ① Start the engine.
- ② Operate each boom, arm, bucket and swing lever at full stroke and measure the maximum operating force for each.
- ③ Lower the bucket to the ground to raise one track off the ground. Operate the travel lever at full stroke and measure the maximum operating force required. When finished, lower the track and then jack-up the other track.
- ④ Repeat steps ② and ③ three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The measured operating force should be within the following specifications.

Unit: kgf

Model	Kind of lever	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
	Boom lever	1.4 or below	1.9	
	Arm lever	1.4 or below	1.9	
HX35A Z	Bucket lever	1.4 or below	1.9	
	Swing lever	1.4 or below	1.9	
	Travel lever	2.0 or below	2.5	

12) CONTROL LEVER STROKE

- (1) Measure each lever stroke at the lever top using a ruler.
- When the lever has play, take a half of this value and add it to the measured stroke.

(2) Preparation

Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$.

(3) Measurement

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Measure each lever stroke at the lever top from neutral to the stroke end using a ruler.
- ③ Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The measured drift should be within the following specifications.

Unit: mm

Model	Kind of lever	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
	Boom lever	87±10	109	
	Arm lever	87±10	109	
HX35A Z	Bucket lever	87±10	109	
	Swing lever	87±10	109	
	Travel lever	86±10	105	

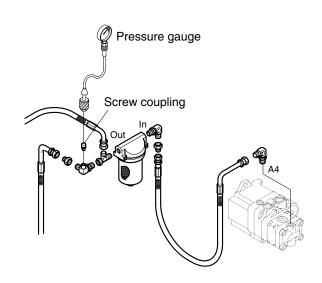
13) PILOT PRIMARY PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Push the pressure release button to bleed air.
- 3 Loosen the cap of screw coupling at the fitting near pilot filter and connect pressure gauge.
- ④ Start the engine and check for oil leakage from the port.
- $\fint \fint \fin$

(2) Measurement

① Measure the primary pilot pressure in the H mode.



35AZ6MC14

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should meet the following specifications:

Model	Standard	Remarks
HX35A Z	40±5	

14) FOR TRAVEL SPEED SELECTING PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Push the pressure release button to bleed air.
- ③ To measure the speed selecting pressure:
 - Install a connector and pressure gauge assembly to turning joint E port as shown.
- ④ Start the engine and check for on leakage from the adapter.
- ⑤ Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

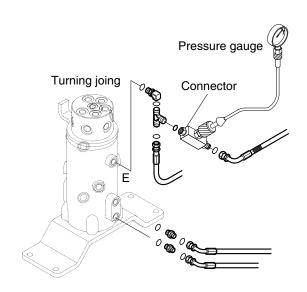
(2) Measurement

① Select the following switch positions.

Travel mode switch: 1 speed

2 speed

- ② Measure the travel speed selecting pressure in the Hi or Lo mode.
- ③ Lower the bucket to the ground to raise the track off the ground. Operate the travel lever at full stroke and measure the fast speed pressure.
- ④ Repeat steps ② and ③ three times and calculate the average values.



35AZ6MC15

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

Model	Travel speed mode	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
LIVOE A 7	1 Speed	0	-	
HX35A Z	2 Speed	40±5	-	

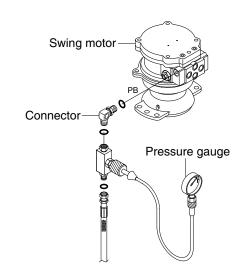
15) SWING PARKING BRAKE RELEASING PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Push the pressure release button to bleed air.
- ③ Install a connector and pressure gauge assembly to swing motor PP port, as shown.
- ④ Start the engine and check for oil leakage from the adapter.

(2) Measurement

- ① Operate the swing function or arm roll in function and measure the swing brake control pressure with the brake disengaged. Release the control lever to return to neutral and measure the control pressure when the brake is applied.
- ② Repeat three times and calculate the average values.



R35Z76MC16

(3) Evaluation

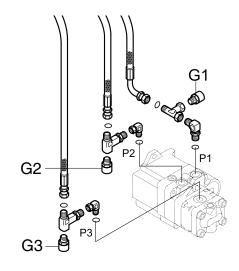
The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

Model	Engine speed	Standard	Remarks
HX35A Z	Brake disengaged	40±5	
HV994 Z	Brake applied	0	

16) MAIN PUMP DELIVERY PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Push the pressure release button to bleed air.
- ③ To measure the main pump pressure. Loosen the cap of screw coupling and connect pressure gauge to the main pump gauge port (G1, G2, G3) as shown.
- ④ Start the engine and check for oil leakage from the port.
- $\fint \fint \fin$



35A76MC37

(2) Measurement

① Measure the main pump delivery pressure at high idle.

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should meet the following specifications.

Model	Engine speed	Standard	Allowable limits	Remarks
HX35A Z	High idle	20±5	-	

17) SYSTEM PRESSURE REGULATOR RELIEF SETTING

(1) Preparation

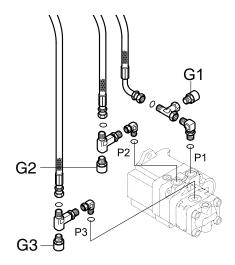
- ① Stop the engine.
- ② Push the pressure release button to bleed air.
- ③ To measure the system relief pressure. Loosen the cap of screw coupling and connect pressure gauge to the main pump gauge port (G1, G2, G3) as
- ④ shown.

Start the engine and check for oil

 $\fine \fine \fin$



- Slowly operate each control lever of boom, arm and bucket functions at full stroke over relief and measure the pressure.
- ② In the swing function, place bucket against an immovable object and measure the relief pressure.
- ③ In the travel function, lock undercarriage with an immovable object and measure the relief pressure.



35AZ6MC37

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

Unit: kgf/cm²

Model	Function to be tested	Standard
	Boom, Arm, Bucket	230±10
HX35A Z	Travel	230±10
	Swing	210±10

GROUP 2 MAJOR COMPONENT

1. MAIN PUMP

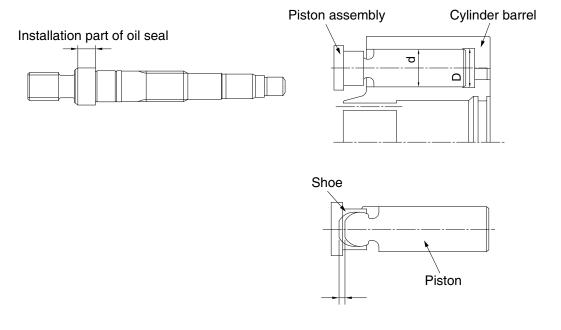
Before inspection, wash the parts well and dry them completely.

Inspect the principal parts with care and replace them with new parts when any abnormal wear exceeding the allowable limit or damage considered harmful is found.

Replace the seal also when any remarkable deformation and damage are found.

1) INSPECTION POINTS WHEN DISASSEMBLED

Part	Extent of the damage	Inspection standard	Action
Shaft	Excessive wear on the seal surface.	Worn depth : 0.025 mm or more	Replace the shaft.
Valve plate	Excessive wear or damages on the sliding surface.	Worn depth : 0.020 mm or more	Replace the cylinder barrel kit.
	Excessive wear or damages on the sliding surface.	Worn depth : 0.020 mm or more	Replace the cylinder barrel kit.
Cylinder barrel	Clearance between the pistons (D-d)	0.030 mm or more	Replace the cylinder barrel kit.
Piston and shoe	Wear of joint section	Check play (ε) between the shoe and the piston ε . 0.2 mm or more by hand operation.	Replace the cylinder barrel kit.
Seals (O-rings, gasket, etc.)	Damage, excessive rust	-	Replace each part.



17Z9A6MC01

2) TROUBLESHOOTING AND COUNTERMEASURE

No.	Trouble	Possible cause	Countermeasure
1	Overload to engine	 Speed is higher than standard Setting pressure is higher than specifications Damage of internal parts of pump 	Readjust it as standardReadjust it as specRepair or replace
2	Low pump flow or low pressure	 Speed down of engine Wrong coupling Damage of internal parts of pump 	Readjust of engine speedRepair or replaceRepair or replace
3	Abnormal noise or abnormal vibration (cavitations)	 The level of oil in the tank is low Air in the oil Water in the oil Clog of suction filter High suction pressure Damage of piston shoe Installation condition is no good Wrong coupling 	 Replenish a tank with oil Check piping Bleed the air in the hydraulic circuit Replace oil Clean or replace Correction Replace Correction Replace Replace
4	Oil leakage	 Damage of O-ring or packing Loosened plug Leaking from oil seal 	ReplaceTight upReplaceReplace of oil seal

2. MAIN CONTROL VALVE

Part name	Inspection item	Criteria & measure
Block	· Existence of scratch, rusting or corrosion.	In case of damage in following section, replace part.
		 Sliding sections of casing fore and spool, especially land sections applied with holded pressure. Seal pocket section where spool is inserted. Seal section of port where O-ring contacts. Seal section of each relief valve for main, travel, and port. Other damages that may damage normal functions.
Spool	· Existence of scratch, gnawing, rusting or corrosion.	Replacement when its outside sliding section has scratch (especially on seals-contacting section).
	· O-ring seal sections at both ends.	· Replacement when its sliding section has scratch.
	Insert spool in casing hole, rotate and reciprocate it.	Correction or replacement when O-ring is damaged or when spool does not move smoothly.
Poppet	· Damage of poppet or spring	Correction or replacement when sealing is incomplete.
	· Insert poppet into casing and function it.	Normal when it can function lightly without being caught.
Around spring	· Rusting, corrosion, deformation or breaking of spring, spring seat, plug or cover.	· Replacement for significant damage.
Around seal	· External oil leakage.	· Correction or replacement.
for spool	· Rusting, corrosion or deformation of seal plate.	· Correction or replacement.
Main relief valve &	· External rusting or damage.	· Replacement.
port relief valve	· Contacting face of valve seat.	· Replacement when damaged.
	· Contacting face of poppet.	· Replacement when damaged.
	· Abnormal spring.	· Replacement.
	· O-rings, back up rings and seals.	· 100% replacement in general.

3. SWING MOTOR

Replace the parts referring to the following table.

1) MOTOR

Part name	Service criteria
	The sliding parts are scratched deeply or the sliding surface has become rough.
Piston assembly (2-13)	The clearance between the piston and the cylinder block bore is too large. Upper limit of diameter clearance: 0.04 mm
	3. The piston shoe ball is loose excessively. Max. clearance (movement): 0.4 mm
Thrust plate (2-4) Retainer holder (2-11) Retainer plate (2-12) Brake piston (2-15) Valve plate (2-24)	The sliding parts are scratched deeply or the sliding surface has become rough.
Cylinder block (2-5)	The sliding parts are scratched deeply or the sliding surface has become rough.
	The meshing surface is worn excessively or cut.
Ding (0.14)	The disc (friction material) is scratched deeply or peeled.
Disc (2-14)	2. The meshing surface is worn excessively or cut.
	The rolling contact surface has been flaked or peeled.
Ball bearings (2-2) (2-22)	2. The rolling contact surface is dented.
Daii boaiiiigo (2-2) (2-22)	Bearing rotation produces abnormality (abnormal noise, irregular rotation).
Spring (2-7)	The spring is broken or deformed excessively.
O-rings (2-16), (2-17), (2-20), (2-26), (2-42), (2-44), (2-46)	Damage that is likely to cause oil leak, damage that is likely to deteriorate the sealing or permanent deformation is noticed.

2) REDUCTION GEAR

Part name	Service criteria
Pinion shaft (1-2)	The gear tooth surface is damaged excessively, worn of flaked.
Plates (1-3), (1-8)	The plate is damaged or worn excessively.
	The roller or the race is damaged excessively, dented or flaked.
Taper roller bearings (1-5), (1-7)	2. The rotation produces abnormal noise or is not smooth.
	* To replace the bearing, replace the body assembly.
Oil and (4 O)	The lip is damaged, deformed or worn excessively.
Oil seal (1-6)	2. The lip is hardened.
Housing (1-1) Holders (1-10), (1-18) Drive gear (1-24) Sun gear (1-17)	 The gear tooth surface is damaged excessively, worn or flaked. To replace the housing, replace the body assembly.
Inner races (1-12), (1-20)	The surface of the needle bearings is damaged excessively or worn or flaked.
Needle bearings (1-13), (1-21)	The surface of the needle bearings is damaged excessively or worn or flaked.
	The gear tooth surface is excessively damaged, worn of flaked.
Planetary gears (1-14), (1-22)	2. The rolling contact surface in contact with the needle bearing is excessively damaged, worn or flaked.
Thrust plates (1-15), (1-23)	The sliding surface is excessively damaged, worn or seized.

3) VALVE

Part name	Service criteria
Piston (2-38-14) Case (2-1)	 The sliding surface is damaged deeply or rough. The clearance between the piston and the case hole is large. Upper limit of diameter clearance : 0.04 mm
Spring (2-40)	The spring is broken or deformed excessively.
Plugs (2-38-6), (2-41) Check valve (2-39) O-rings (2-38-8, 9, 10, 11), (2-42) Backup rings (2-38-12, 13)	Damage that is likely to cause oil leak, damage that is likely to deteriorate the sealing or permanent deformation is noticed.

4) OTHERS

Part name	Service criteria
Other plugs and O-rings	Damage that is likely to cause oil leak, damage that is likely to deteriorate the sealing or permanent deformation is noticed.

4. TRAVEL MOTOR

Wash all parts disassembly in treated oil and dry in the compressed air.

Perform maintenance including replacement or corrections in accordance with the following criterion.

No.	Part name	Check Points	Criterion (recommended standards for replacement)	Measures
1	Floating seal (1-2)	Sliding surface	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replacement
2	Angular bearing (1-3)	Rolling surface	No remarkable flaws, wear, or flaking are noted on balls and race.	Replacement
3	Housing (1-6)	Gear tooth surface	No remarkable flaws, wear, or flaking are noted on gear tooth surface. (note 1)	
4	Planetary gear A (1-18), B (1-9)	Gear tooth surface and rolling surface of inner side	No remarkable flaws, wear, or flaking are noted as same as No.3	Replacement
5	Needle bearing (1-10), (1-19)	Rolling surface of needle bearing	No remarkable flaws, wear, or flaking are noted.	Replacement
6	Inner race (1-11), (1-20)	Rolling surface of inner race	No remarkable flaws, wear, or flaking are noted.	Replacement
7	Thrust washer (1-12)	Sliding surface	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replacement
8	Thrust plate (1-13), (1-23)	Sliding surface	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replacement
9	Sun gear (1-15)	Gear tooth surface	Same as No. 3	Replacement
10	Holder (1-17)	Sliding surface of planetary gear A	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replace planetary A and holder.
11	Drive gear (1-22)	Gear tooth surface	Same as No. 3	Replacement
13	O-ring (1-25), (1-29), (28), (29), (39), (31-5), (44), (50-5), (50-6), (50-7), (65), (66), (74)	Surface and hardness	No flaws and deflection are noted. Not hardened.	Recommend that seals be replaced with new ones at time of reassembly, since rubber materials normally deteriorate with age.
14	Shaft (2)	Sliding surface of oil seal	No remarkable flaws, wear.	Replacement
15	Ball bearing (3), (27)	Same as No. 2.	Same as No. 2.	Replacement
16	Oil seal (4)	Surface and hardness of seal lip	No flaw, wear or deflection are noted. Not hardened.	Replacement

Note 1 : Pitching in this instance refers to a case where pitching occurs in more than 10% of engagement area per tooth surface.

No.	Part name	Check Points	Criterion (recommended standards for replacement)	Measures
17	Swash plate (5)	Sliding surface and roughness between piston sub assembly and swash plate	No remarkable flaws (over 0.02 [mm] in thickness), wear, or seizure are noted. 0.4a (0.8a)	Correct lapping (#1000) if sliding surface is rough. Replace if proper correction cannot be made.
		Clearance between piston sub assembly and cylinder block.		Replace both cylinder block and piston sub assembly concurrently.
18	Cylinder block (7)	-		Correct lapping (#1000) if sliding surface is rough. Replace both cylinder block and piston sub assembly with new, if sliding surfaces cannot be properly corrected.
19	Spring (9), (20), (37) (42), (31-3), (50-3), (62), (63)	Breakage or deflection is big.	-	Replacement
		Clearance between piston sub assembly and cylinder block.	Same as No. 18.	Same as No. 18.
20	Piston sub assembly (15)	Sliding surface and roughness between piston sub assembly and swash plate.	Same as No. 17. 0.2a (0.8a)	Same as No. 17.
		Loosen between piston and shoe is big.	0.15 [mm] (0.4 [mm])	Replacement
		Clearance between piston sub assembly and flange holder.	Same as No. 18.	Same as No. 18.
21	Piston (19)	Sliding surface and roughness between piston sub assembly and swash plate.	Same as No. 17.	Same as No. 17.
22	Valve plate (25)	Sliding surface and roughness between valve plate cylinder block.	Same as No. 18.	Same as. No. 18.
		Thickness; 5 [mm]	4.8 [mm]	Replacement
23	Rase plate (20)	Sliding surface between plunger and base plate.	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replace both base plate and plunger.
۷۵	Base plate (30)	Sliding surface between spool and base plate.	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replace both base plate and spool.

No.	Part name	Check Points	Criterion (recommended standards for replacement)	Measures
0.4	Dlunger (21.1)	Sliding surface between plunger and base plate.	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replace both base plate and plunger.
24	Plunger (31-1)	Sliding surface between plunger and check valve.	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replace both check valve and plunger.
		Sliding surface between plunger and check valve.	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replace plunger assy.
25	Check valve (31-2)	Seat surface between plunger and check valve.	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted. Entire surface of seats are rubbing.	Replace both check valve and plunger.
26	Spool (41)	Sliding surface between plunger and check valve.	Same as No. 23	Same as No. 23
27	Valve body (50-1)	Sliding surface between spool and valve body.	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replace valve assy.
28	Without parking brake check valve (50-2)	Sliding surface between plunger and check valve.	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replace valve assy.
	With parking brake spool (50-2)	Sliding surface between spool and valve body.	No remarkable flaws, wear, or seizure are noted.	Replace valve assy.

5. TURNING JOINT

	Parts Name	Check Points	Measures
	Sliding surface with sealing sections.	Plating worn or peeled due to seizure or contamination.	Replace
Body, Stem	Sliding surface between body and	· Worn abnormality or damaged more than 0.1 mm (0.0039 in) in depth due to seizure contamination.	Replace
	stem other than sealing section.	· Damaged more than 0.1 mm (0.0039 in) in depth.	Smooth with oilstone.
	Sliding surface with	· Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) or abnormality.	Replace
	thrust plate.	· Worn less than 0.5 mm (0.02 in).	Smooth
		· Damage due to seizure or contamination remediable within wear limit (0.5 mm) (0.02 in).	Smooth
	Sliding surface with	· Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) or abnormality.	Replace
Cover	thrust plate.	· Worn less than 0.5 mm (0.02 in).	Smooth
		· Damage due to seizure or contamination remediable within wear limit (0.5 mm) (0.02 in).	Replace
	-	· Extruded excessively from seal groove square ring. Square ring	Replace
Seal set	-	· Slipper ring 1.5 mm (0.059 in) narrower than seal groove, or narrower than back ring. 1.5 mm (max.) (0.059 in)	Replace
	-	· Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) ~ 1.5 mm (MAX.) (0.059 in)	Replace

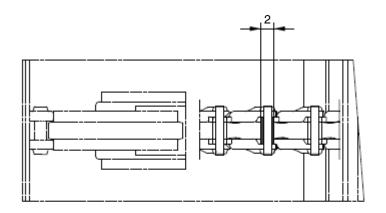
6. CYLINDER

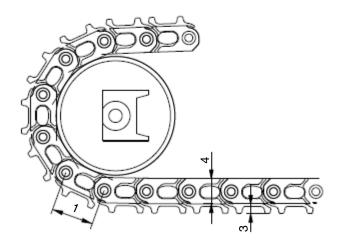
Part name	Inspecting section	Inspection item	Remedy
Piston rod	· Neck of rod pin	· Presence of crack	· Replace
	· Weld on rod hub	· Presence of crack	· Replace
	Stepped part to which piston is attached.	· Presence of crack	· Replace
	· Threads	· Presence of crack	· Recondition or replace
	· Plated surface	· Plating is not worn off to base metal.	· Replace or replate
		· Rust is not present on plating.	· Replace or replate
		· Scratches are not present.	· Recondition, replate or replace
	· Rod	· Wear of O.D.	· Recondition, replate or replace
	· Bushing at mounting part	· Wear of I.D.	· Replace
Cylinder tube	· Weld on bottom	· Presence of crack	· Replace
	· Weld on head	· Presence of crack	· Replace
	· Weld on hub	· Presence of crack	· Replace
	· Tube interior	· Presence of faults	· Replace if oil leak is seen
	· Bushing at mounting part	· Wear on inner surface	· Replace
Gland	· Bushing	· Flaw on inner surface	· Replace if flaw is deeper than coating

GROUP 3 TRACK AND WORK EQUIPMENT

1. TRACK SHOE

1) STEEL SHOE



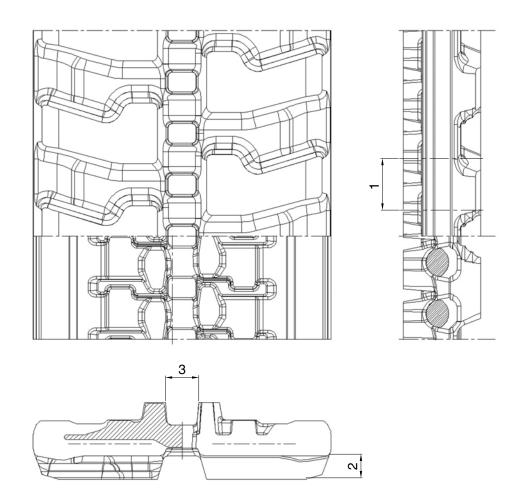


35AZ6MC18

Unit: mm

No	Check item	Crit	Domody		
INO	CHECK REITI	Standard size Repair		Remedy	
1	Link pitch	101.6	105.0	Replace bushing and	
2	Outside diameter of bushing	32.17	28.77	pin and link assembly	
3	Height of grouser	16.5	12.5	Lug welding, rebuild or	
4	Height of link	65	60	replace	

2) RUBBER SHOE

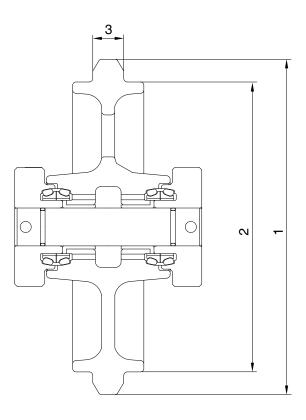


35Z9A6MC17

Unit: mm

No	Check item	Crit	Remedy	
THO CHECK ITEM		Standard size	Repair limit	nemedy
1	Link pitch	52.5	54.5	
2	Height of grouser	25	5	Replace
3	Width of link	33	46	

2. IDLER

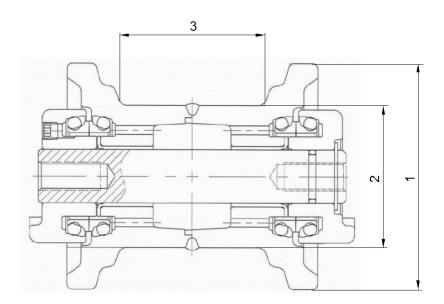


35Z9A6MC18

Unit: mm

No Check item		Crit	Pomody	
INO	Check item	Standard size Repair limit		Remedy
1	Outside diameter of flange	331	-	
2	Outside diameter of thread	289	279	Rebuild or replace
3	Width of flange	26.2	20.2	or replace

3. TRACK ROLLER

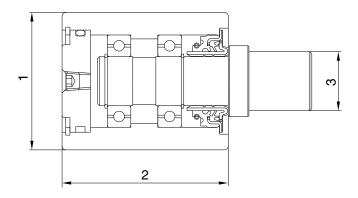


35AZ6MC19

Unit: mm

No	Check item	Crit	Domody	
INO	Offect Rem	Standard size	Repair limit	Remedy
1	Outside diameter of flange	Ø127	129	
2	Outside diameter of thread	Ø 80	89	Rebuild or replace
3	Width of flange	81	85	

4. CARRIER ROLLER

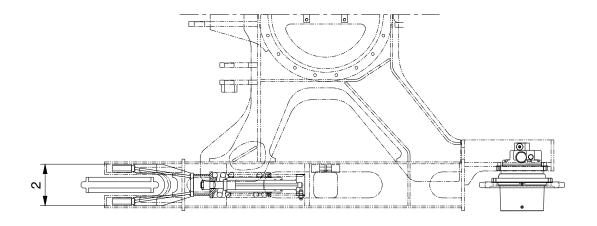


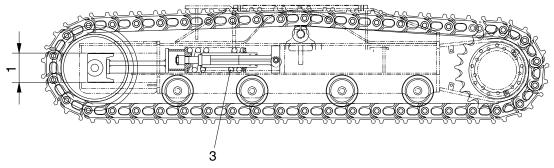
35AZ6MC20

Unit: mm

No	Check item	Crit	Criteria			
NO CHECK ITEM		Standard size	Repair limit	Remedy		
1	Outside diameter of flange	Ø70	Ø66			
2	Width of tread	86	-	Replace		
3	Diameter of shaft	Ø30	-			

5. TENSION CYLINDER (steel and rubber track)





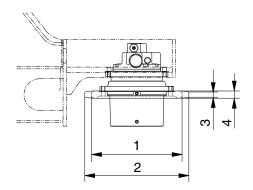
R35Z76MC21

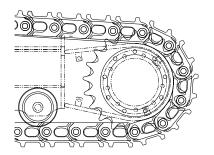
Unit: mm

NIa	ما ما الما الما الما الما الما الما الم	Criteria				Damada		
No	No Check item			Sta	andard size	Rep	air limit	Remedy
4	Vartical width of idlar quida	Track fran	ne		125		129	Rebuild
'	Vertical width of idler guide	Idler supp	ort		124		128	Rebuild or replace
0	Harizantal width of idlar avida	Track frame			178		182	Rebuild
2	2 Horizontal width of idler guide		Э		174		178	Rebuild or replace
		S	Standard	d siz	е	Repa	ir limit	
3	Recoil spring	Free length	Installe lengt		Installed load	Free length	Installed load	Replace
		286.5	A:233 B:220		2,698 kg	-	2,158 kg	

A: steel track B: rubber track

6. SPROCKET (steel and rubber track)

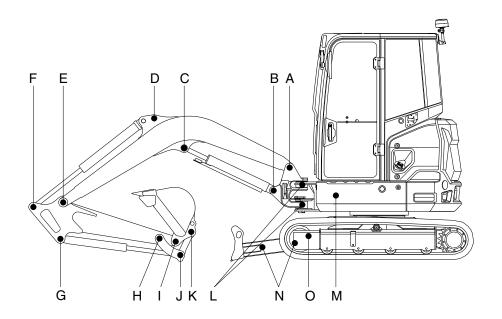




R35Z76MC22

No	Check item	Crit	Pomody	
INO	Offeck item	Standard size	Repair limit	Remedy
1	Wear out of sprocket tooth lower side diameter	313.72	304.72	
2	Wear out of sprocket tooth upper side diameter	359.75	-	Repair or
3	Wear out of sprocket tooth upper side width	18	-	Replace
4	Wear out of sprocket tooth lower side width	25	17	

7. WORK EQUIPMENT



35AZ6MC30

Unit: mm

Mark	Measuring point (Pin and Bushing)	Normal value	Pin		Bushing		Domody
			Recomm. service limit	Limit of use	Recomm. service limit	Limit of use	Remedy & Remark
Α	Boom Rear	50	49	48.5	50.5	51	Replace
В	Boom Cylinder Head	45	44	43.5	45.5	46	"
С	Boom Cylinder Rod	45	44	43.5	45.5	46	"
D	Arm Cylinder Head	45	44	43.5	45.5	46	"
Е	Boom Front	45	44	43.5	45.5	46	"
F	Arm Cylinder Rod	45	44	43.5	45.5	46	"
G	Bucket Cylinder Head	40	39	38.5	40.5	41	"
Н	Arm Link	40	39	38.5	40.5	41	"
I	Bucket and Arm Link	40	39	38.5	40.5	41	"
J	Bucket Cylinder Rod	40	39	38.5	40.5	41	"
K	Bucket Link	40	39	38.5	40.5	41	"
L	Boom swing post	70	69	68.5	70.5	71	"
М	Boom swing cylinder	45	44	43.5	45.5	46	"
N	Blade cylinder	45	44	43.5	45.5	46	"
0	Blade and frame link	40	39	38.5	40.5	41	"